

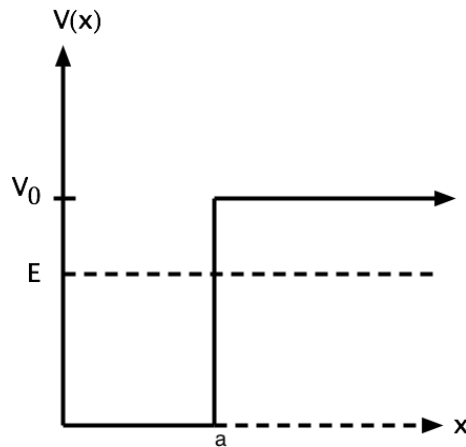
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## Modern Physics: Test # 2

Pandemic rules:

- no books, notes, or computers
  - two hours
  - wash your hands
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1. Consider QM particle in 1D bound state, half infinite potential (see figure).
  - (a) As carefully as you can, sketch the ground state wave function on the figure.
  - (b) Find the transcendental equation determining the energy
  - (c) Find the condition on  $a$  in terms of particle mass and  $V_0$  for a ground state to exist.



2. 1D QM harmonic oscillator: particle with mass  $m$  in potential

$$V(x) = \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2x^2$$

- (a) Draw a sketch of the potential indicating the classical turning points for the ground state. What is value of the classical turning point for the ground state?

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- (b) What is the value of the uncertainty product  $\Delta x \Delta p$  for the ground state? (This is something I expect you to just know, not to have to calculate. So if you don't know, it is best to just go on.)
- (c) Use the uncertainty principle to estimate the ground state energy.

3. Hydrogen atom ground state

$$\psi(r, \theta, \phi)_{100} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi} a_0^{3/2}} e^{-r/a_0}$$

- (a) By explicit computation, find the most probable radius for the electron.
- (b) Use the radial equation to find  $a_0$  and the ground state energy in terms of  $m, \alpha, \hbar$ , and  $c$ . (no points for remembering  $a_0$  and  $E$ )

$$\frac{-\hbar^2}{2m} \left( \frac{d^2}{dr^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \right) R + \frac{\hbar^2 \ell(\ell + 1)}{2mr^2} R - \frac{\alpha \hbar c}{r} R = ER$$