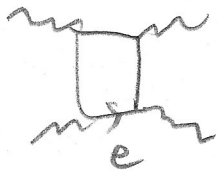


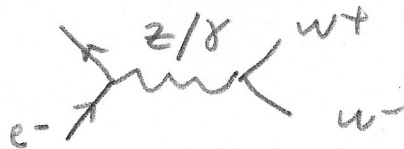
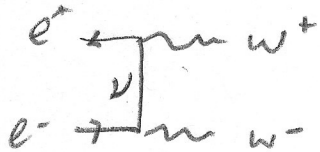
Physics 450 HW#2 Solutions

2.2



2.5 $\equiv^+ \rightarrow \begin{cases} n \pi^+ \\ \pi^+ \pi^+ \end{cases}$ $\Delta S=1$ favored
 $\Delta S=2$

2.6 $e^+e^- \rightarrow w^+w^-$



3 diagrams

2.7

- | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---|-------------|
| a | charge | l | strong |
| b | EM | m | strong |
| c | energy | n | \emptyset |
| d | weak | o | weak |
| e | EM | p | \emptyset |
| f | 4 (lepton #) | q | EM |
| g | strong | r | weak |
| h | weak | s | weak |
| i | strong | t | strong |
| j | strong | u | EM |
| k | 4, 8 (lepton, baryon #) | v | weak |

3.18 $\pi^0 \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$ decay at rest

$$d = v \tau_\mu = \frac{v}{m_\mu} \tau_\mu$$

$$\vec{P}_\mu = (E_\mu, p_x) \quad \vec{P}_\nu = (E_\nu, -p_x)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \vec{p}_\nu \quad \vec{p} \\ \leftarrow \quad \rightarrow \quad \hat{x} \end{array} \quad p_\nu = p$$

$$(m_\pi, \vec{0}) = (E_\mu + E_\nu, \vec{0})$$

$$E_\mu = \sqrt{m_\mu^2 + E_\nu^2}$$

$$m_\pi = \sqrt{m_\mu^2 + E_\nu^2} + E_\nu$$

$$E_\nu = \frac{m_\mu^2 - m_\pi^2}{2m_\pi}$$

$$d = \frac{\tau_\mu}{2m_\pi m_\mu} (m_\mu^2 - m_\pi^2)$$

2.25

(drop over tilde to do less writing)

$$(3.22) S + T + U = (P_A + P_B)^2 + (P_A - P_C)^2 + (P_A - P_D)^2$$

$$P_A^2 + P_B^2 + 2P_A \cdot P_B + P_A^2 + P_C^2 - 2P_A \cdot P_C$$

$$+ P_A^2 + P_D^2 - 2P_A \cdot P_D$$

$$= 3m_A^2 + m_B^2 + m_C^2 + m_D^2 - 2P_A \cdot (P_C + P_D - P_B)$$

$$P_A + P_B = P_C + P_D \quad \longrightarrow \quad = P_A$$

momentum conservation

$$= m_A^2 + m_B^2 + m_C^2 + m_D^2$$

(b) in CM frame

$$\vec{P}_A + \vec{P}_B = (E_A, P) + (E_B, -P) = (E_A + E_B, \vec{0})$$

$$S = (E_A + E_B)^2 = E_A^2 + E_B^2 + 2E_A E_B$$

and

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} E_A^2 = P^2 + m_A^2 \\ E_B^2 = P^2 + m_B^2 \end{array} \right\} E_A^2 + E_B^2 = m_A^2 + m_B^2 \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} E_A^2 = P^2 + m_A^2 \\ E_B^2 = P^2 + m_B^2 \end{array}} \right\} \text{add}$$

$$S = 2E_A^2 + 2E_A E_B = S + m_A^2 - m_B^2$$

$$2E_A \underbrace{(E_A + E_B)}_{\sqrt{S}} = S + m_A^2 - m_B^2$$

$$E_A = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{S}} (S + m_A^2 - m_B^2)$$

(c) In Lab frame

$$(E_A, \vec{p}) + (m_B, 0) = \tilde{p}_A + \tilde{p}_B$$

$$(E_A + m_B)^2 - p^2 = s$$

and $p^2 = E_A^2 - m_A^2$

$$2E_A m_B + m_B^2 + m_A^2 = s$$

$$E_A = \frac{1}{2m_B} (s - m_A^2 - m_B^2)$$

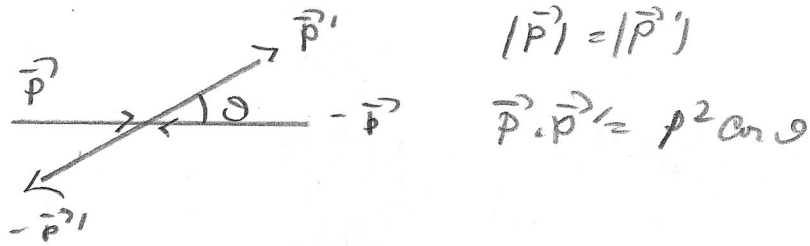
(d) In CM frame

$$(E_A, \vec{p}) + (E_B, -\vec{p}) = \tilde{p}_A + \tilde{p}_B$$

$$(E_A + E_B)^2 = s$$

$$E_A E_B = \sqrt{s}$$

3.23 $A+A \rightarrow A+A$ elastic scattering in CM frame



$$\tilde{P}_A = (E, \vec{p}) \quad \tilde{P}_C = (E, \vec{p}')$$

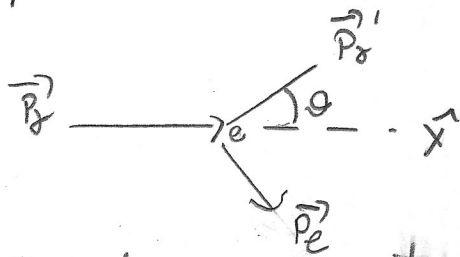
$$P_B = (E, -\vec{p}) \quad \tilde{P}_D = (E, -\vec{p}')$$

$$S = (\tilde{P}_A + \tilde{P}_B)^2 = (2E)^2 = 4(p^2 + m^2)$$

$$t = (\tilde{P}_A - \tilde{P}_C)^2 = (0, \vec{p} - \vec{p}') \cdot (0, \vec{p} - \vec{p}') \\ = -(\vec{p} - \vec{p}')^2 = -2p^2(1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$u = (\tilde{P}_A - \tilde{P}_D)^2 = (0, \vec{p} + \vec{p}') \cdot (0, \vec{p} + \vec{p}') \\ = -2p^2(1 + \cos \theta)$$

3.24 Compton



$$E_\gamma = |\vec{P}_\gamma|$$

$$m = e \text{ mass}$$

4 momentum conservation

$$(E_\gamma, \vec{P}_\gamma) + (m, \vec{0}) = (E_\gamma', \vec{P}_\gamma') + (E_e, \vec{P}_e)$$

$$(E_\gamma - E_\gamma', \vec{P}_\gamma - \vec{P}_\gamma') = (E_e - m, \vec{P}_e)$$

Square

$$\begin{cases} E_\gamma - E_\gamma' = E_e - m \\ \vec{P}_\gamma - \vec{P}_\gamma' = \vec{P}_e \\ E_\gamma^2 + E_\gamma'^2 - 2E_\gamma E_\gamma' \cos\theta = P_e^2 = E_e^2 - m^2 \\ E_\gamma^2 + E_\gamma'^2 - 2E_\gamma E_\gamma' = E_e^2 + m^2 - 2mE_e \end{cases}$$

$$2E_\gamma E_\gamma' (1 - \cos\theta) = -2m^2 + 2mE_e$$

$$E_\gamma E_\gamma' (1 - \cos\theta) = -m^2 + m(E_\gamma - E_\gamma' + m)$$

$$E_\gamma E_\gamma' (1 - \cos\theta) = m(E_\gamma - E_\gamma')$$

$$\frac{1}{m} (1 - \cos\theta) = \frac{1}{E_\gamma'} - \frac{1}{E_\gamma}$$

$$\frac{1}{E_\gamma'} = \frac{1}{E_\gamma} + \frac{1}{m} (1 - \cos\theta) \quad E = \frac{h}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda' = \lambda + \frac{h}{m} (1 - \cos\theta)$$

$\frac{h}{m}$ has dim. of [length], so put back the "c" as

$$\frac{h}{m} \rightarrow \frac{hc}{mc^2} \left[\frac{\text{energy} \cdot \text{length}}{\text{energy}} \right] = [\text{length}]$$