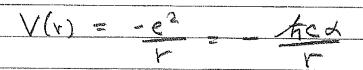
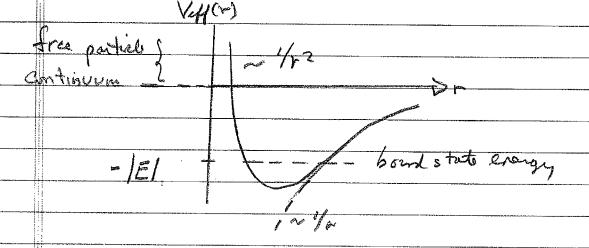
1

From which we first ? R(r) ~ r Only l=0 states have non-zero 400). positronium a a trydugen leke bound state of et, et. When et meets Positionium must cascade down (emitting photone) to l=0 state to annihilate. Annihilation rate of positionium [ [ × [4(0)] 2



X = 137,036 Fine structure constant

uc2 = mc2 = 0,511 mev electron mass



define dimensionless variable

depoisender coupling.

λ = mc<sup>2</sup> | μc<sup>2</sup> | μ

note that both these variables contain E

and let du = v

$$-\frac{12}{2\mu} \frac{1}{dr^2} \frac{1}{2u+2} \frac{1}{2u+3} \frac{1}{2u+3} \frac{e^2}{4u+3} \frac{1}{2u+3} \frac{1}{2u$$

become

$$U'' - \frac{\ell(\ell+1)}{3^2}U + \left(\frac{\lambda}{3} - \frac{1}{4}\right)U = 0$$

Asymptotic betravior or g - 300.

Thus, 
$$U(g) = g e^{+1-3/2} F(g)$$

Find equation for F which is solved by a power series solution.

$$F'' + \left(\frac{2l+2}{3} - 1\right)F' + \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{l+1}{3}\right)F = 0$$

Solution regues sever to terminate growing

quantized enequi

Since Mr, la au entegen define principal quantum number of by n= l+1+n, n=1,2,3,...  $E_n = -\frac{1}{n^2} \mu c^2 (22)^2 = -13.6 \text{ eV}$ Radial wave functioni  $R_{1,0} = 2 \left(\frac{2}{a_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{2r}{a_0}}$  $R_{2,1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left( \frac{2}{2a_0} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}r} = \frac{2r/2q_0}{2}$ "associated Laquerre polynomiale" if you want to write all of them down.

{: :1	
. !!	Phys 492, lee 5"
:: !:	
1.100	<del>De zenersey</del>
	Energy has no l'Agrendence.
	·
4	degeneracy $d = \frac{N^{-1}}{2(2\ell+1)} = n^2$
	Res
	symmetry in 2111 degreeary of state with different me.
	summetro de 211 doueseracy of
	state with defenit m.
1	n² state are bæsis for chemical "skell"  description.
	descripturi.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
77	This degeneracy is not accidental, but the result of a dynamical symmetry of
a de la companion de la compan	result of a deponical symmetry of
	Et potential.
11	Classically, Vat - , Vat - on only
1	potential that have closed orbits.
To the state of th	(GR givet ligher order effective 4-3 km)
AND	
A A D DOG	Semi major orix lengtha 16 a ->
11	countricité (EC)
n es	x x x major axis
110000000000000000000000000000000000000	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Runge - Lenz Vector K.

J. 15

$$n^2 = 2^2 x^2 \mu c^2$$
 $||E||^2 + ||E||^2 + ||$ 

n	L	$\bigcap_{r} = \mathbf{n} \cdot \ell$	- 1 number of radial nodes
1	0	6	
2	1	Ó	descressing and
-	0	}	ecn
3	7	0	
erre een tij ty yn ermeen teken i <b>Affilia</b> llie Gebeurg Gebruik en trij en trij gebruik gebruik.	1		
et de l'article (1985 - 1984) de l'article de l'Article de l'Article (1985) de l'Artic	'6	7.	
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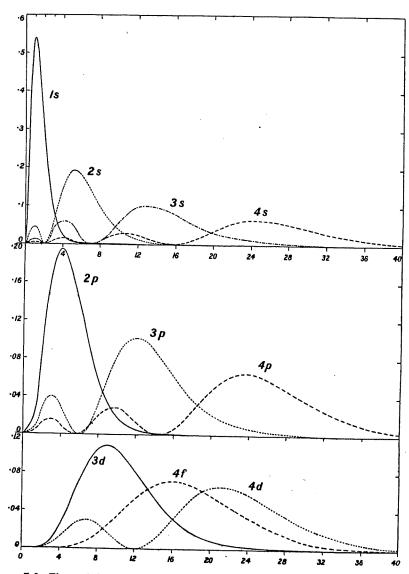


Figure 7-8 The radial probability distribution function  $|rR_{n\ell}|^2$  for several values of the quantum numbers n,  $\ell$ . (From E. U. Condon and G. H. Shortley, The Theory of Atomic Spectra, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1953. Used with permission.)

Rydberg formula & Discovery of Deuteron

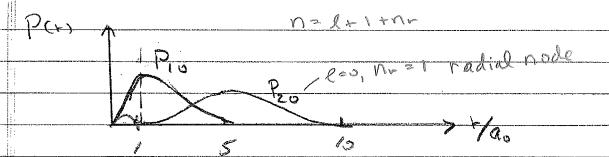
D=pn=H discovered spectroscopically.

me/mn = 6 = (800)-1

small splitting of spectroscopic line in naturally occurring hydrogen

Radual Probability Dansity

P(L) = 12 |Rm/2



Propeake at 1= ao

High n Value peak at larger r shell structury

**Expectation values:** 

Kramer Relation for 5>-(22+1) integri Griffithi #6,29 (page 253)

$$\frac{5=0}{h^2}, \frac{\langle r^{\circ} \rangle}{h^2} - a_0 \left(\frac{1}{F}\right) = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{h^2 a_0}$$

This is the aniexample of the Virial theoren:

or (KE)=-{(L,E)

then for 
$$V(r) = -e^2/r$$

$$\langle + \rangle = n^2 a_0 \left[ \frac{3}{2} - \frac{\ell(e+i)}{2n^2} \right]$$